BLUESKY CHARTER SCHOOL, INC. BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information

Year Ended June 30, 2021

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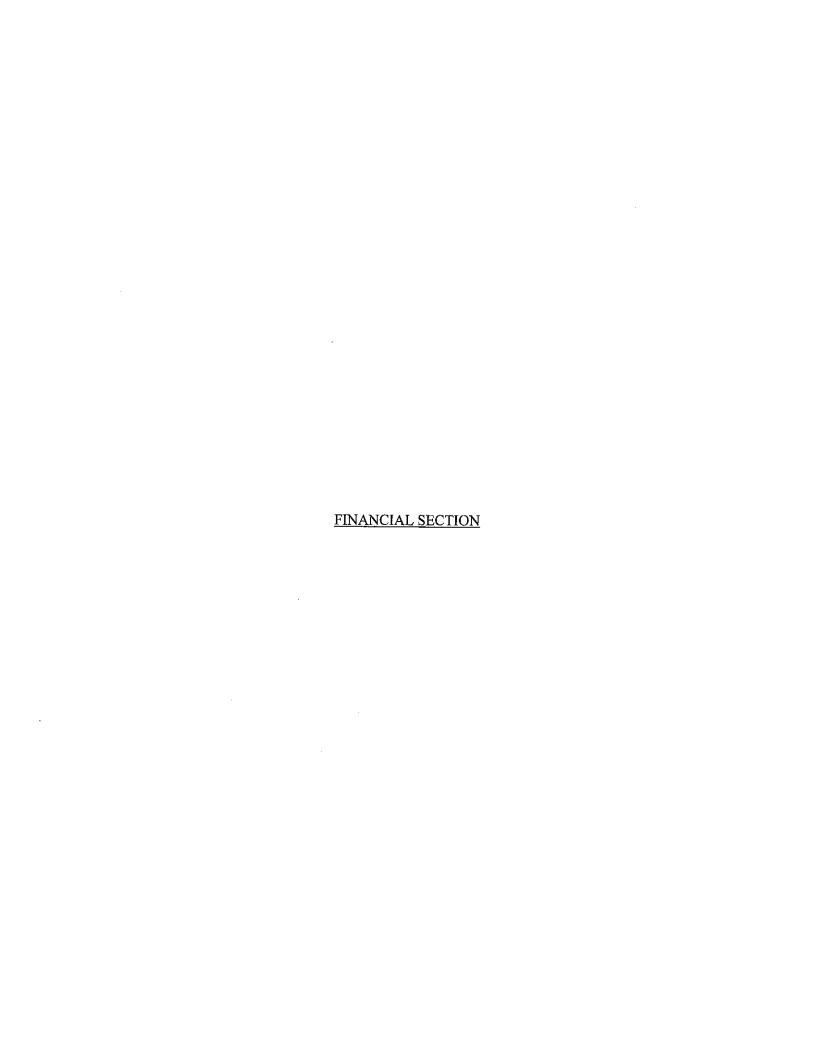
Board and Administration Year Ended June 30, 2021

BOARD

Jim Stocco	Chair
Judy Pekarek	Treasurer
Julie Johnson	Secretary
Heidi Kelbel	Director
Sandra Meinerts	Director
Matthew Schempp	Director

ADMINISTRATION

Amy Larsen	Executive Director
Beth O'Connell	Dean of Students
Catherine Parker	Student Services Director
Daniel Ondich	Assistant Director
Heidi van der Hagen	Director of Special Education



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board and Management of BlueSky Charter School, Inc. Bloomington, Minnesota

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of BlueSky Charter School, Inc. (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the School's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

(continued)

OPINIONS

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to on the previous page present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the School as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

OTHER MATTERS

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information (RSI), as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards (UFARS) Compliance Table is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Minnesota Department of Education, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The UFARS Compliance Table is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Prior Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the School's 2020 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund in our report dated November 16, 2020. In our opinion, the partial comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

(continued)

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated INSERT DATE on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Minneapolis, Minnesota INSERT DATE

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

This section of BlueSky Charter School, Inc.'s (the School) financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis of the School's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the other components of the School's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The School's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2021 by \$3,090,429 (deficit net position). The School's total net position decreased \$175,765 from operations during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.
- At June 30, 2021, the School's General Fund reported a total fund balance of \$3,782,737. The unassigned portion of the year-end fund balance was \$3,105,977, which represents 46.5 percent of the School's annual expenditures based on 2021 levels. The remaining fund balance was nonspendable for prepaid items at \$596,657, restricted for safe school's levy at \$5,733, restricted for Medical Assistance at \$4,190, and assigned for the subsequent year's budget at \$70,180.
- The total fund balance of the General Fund increased \$1,092,934 during the year, as compared to a decrease of \$271,308 projected in the final budget. General Fund revenues were over budget by \$189,548 and expenditures were under budget by \$304,264. The School also obtained a loan of \$870,430 through the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) in the current year, and intends to apply for forgiveness from the Small Business Association in fiscal 2022.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual financial statements consists of the following parts:

- Independent Auditor's Report;
- Management's discussion and analysis;
- Basic financial statements, including the entity-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to basic financial statements; and
- Required supplementary information.

The following explains the two types of statements included in the basic financial statements:

ENTITY-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The entity-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information about the School as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two entity-wide financial statements report the School's net position and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the School's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources—is one way to measure the School's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School's net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall health of the School requires consideration of additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the School's student population and the condition of the School's buildings and other facilities.

In the entity-wide financial statements, the School's activities are all shown in one category titled "governmental activities." These activities, providing regular and special education instruction services to students of the School, are primarily financed with state aids.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, rather than the School as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the School uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Minnesota charter schools must establish funds within the guidelines of the state's Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards.

The School maintains the following type of fund:

Governmental Funds – The School's basic services are included in a governmental fund, which generally focuses on: 1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the entity-wide financial statements, we provide additional information (reconciliation schedules) immediately following the governmental fund financial statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between these two types of financial statement presentations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

Table 1 is a summarized view of the School's Statement of Net Position:

Table 1 Summary of Net Position as of June 30, 2021 and 2020								
	2021	2020						
Assets								
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 4,32 8,48 4 200,497	\$ 3,189,315 162,9 <u>94</u>						
Total assets	\$ 4,528,981	\$ 3,352,309						
Deferred outflow of resources Pension plan deferments	\$ 2,383,515	\$ 3,475,104						
Liabilities Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities, including due	\$ 545,747	\$ 499,512						
within one year	5,964,465	4,151,235						
Total liabilities	\$ 6,510,212	\$ 4,650,747						
Deferred inflows of resources Pension plan deferments	\$ 3,492,713	\$ 5,091,330						
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for safe schools Restricted for Medical Assistance Unrestricted	\$ 200,497 5,733 4,190 (3,300,849)	\$ 162,994 16,562 - (3,094,220)						
Total net position	\$ (3,090,429)	\$ (2,914,664)						

The School's financial position is the product of many factors. For example, the determination of the net investment in capital assets involves many assumptions and estimates, such as current and accumulated depreciation amounts. A conservative versus liberal approach to depreciation estimates, as well as capitalization policies, may produce a significant difference in the calculated amounts. Unrestricted net position includes the School's liabilities for severance and pensions, which are not fully funded.

The School's total net position at June 30, 2021 was \$175,765 lower than the prior year. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased \$85,083, while total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased \$260,848. The increases in current and other assets and long-term liabilities were partially attributable to the PPP loan of \$870,430. The changes in long-term liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources were impacted by changes in the School's proportionate share of two state-wide pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA), required to be reported on the entity-wide financial statements.

Table 2 presents a condensed version of the Change in Net Position of the School:

Table 2 Change in Net Position for the Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020							
		2021		2020			
Revenues							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$	97,324	\$	9,509			
Operating grants and contributions		1,222,854	·	1,192,708			
General revenues	•	, ,		, . ,			
General grants and aids		5,570,592		5,099,976			
Other general revenues		15,591		9,898			
Investment earnings		242		864			
Total revenues		6,906,603		6,312,955			
Expenses							
Administration		319,869		267,676			
District support services		720,854		650,382			
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	·	2,539,464		2,032,775			
Vocational education instruction		7,770		6,102			
Special education instruction		991,660		1,012,020			
Instructional support services		1,006,808		712,227			
Pupil support services		1,107,790		1,178,278			
Sites and buildings		361,185		399,868			
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs		26,968		24,833_			
Total expenses		7,082,368		6,284,161			
Change in net position		(175,765)		28,794			
Net position – beginning		2,914,664)	 	(2,943,458)			
Net position – ending	\$ (3,090,429)	\$	(2,914,664)			

The Statement of Activities is presented on an accrual basis of accounting and includes all of the School's governmental activities. This statement includes depreciation expense, but excludes capital asset purchase costs, and the proceeds from and repayment of any debt.

Total revenues increased \$593,648 from the prior year, mainly due to increased federal revenues from COVID-19 relief grants included in general grants and aids. Total expenses were \$798,207 more than the previous year, mainly from increased expenses for elementary and secondary regular instruction and instructional support services, due to an increase in students served.

While being an online provider of education allows the School to attract students from across the state and keeps operating costs controlled; it does create other challenges. These include the geographical demands of complying with state testing requirements, keeping technological systems operating at optimal levels, and maintaining a consistent staff to achieve these goals.

Figures A and B show further analysis of these revenue sources and expense functions:

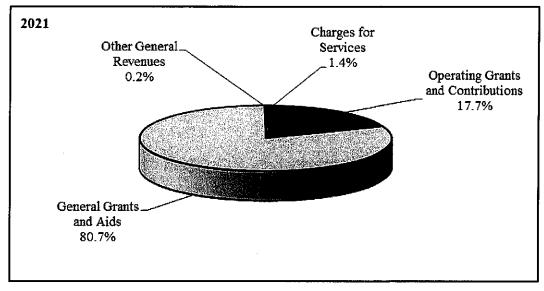
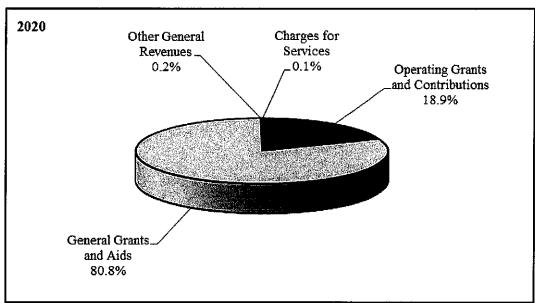


Figure A - Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Years 2021 and 2020



The largest share of the School's revenue is received from the state, including most of the operating and general grants. This significant reliance on the state for funding has placed pressures on charter school budgets as funding increases have generally not kept pace with inflation.

Enrollment continues to be the largest influence on the School's revenue. The School's enrollment, an adjusted average daily membership (ADM) of 563 for the year, was close to budgeted projections of 565 ADM, and reflected an increase of 36 ADM from the prior year. The School's total governmental activity revenues were \$6,906,603 for the year ended June 30, 2021, which is an increase of \$593,648 from the prior year. General grants and aids increased by \$470,616, as the School earned more state aid for general education, due to the increase in enrollment and enhanced funding, and received several new federal grants in fiscal 2021 related to COVID-19 relief.

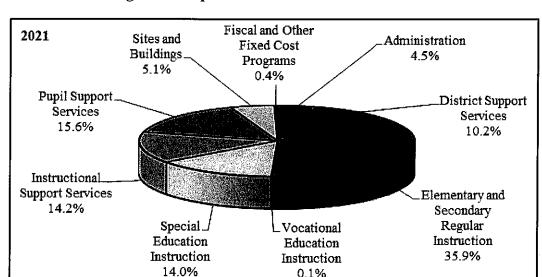
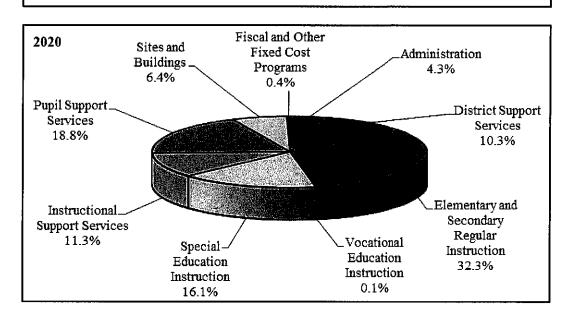


Figure B – Expenses for Fiscal Years 2021 and 2020



The School's expenses are predominately related to educating students. Programs (or functions), such as regular instruction, vocational education instruction, special education instruction, and instructional support services are directly related to classroom instruction, while the rest of the programs support instruction and other necessary costs to operate the School.

The School's cost of all governmental activities for 2021 was \$7,082,368, which is an increase of \$798,207 (12.7 percent) from the prior year. The overall increase in expenses was mainly attributable to additional staffing and other costs necessary to serve the School's increased enrollment.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GENERAL FUND

Table 3 summarizes the amendments to the General Fund budget:

		Table 3 General Fund Budget		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
Revenue	\$ 6,181,477	\$ 6,706,374	\$ 524,897	8.5%
Expenditures	\$ 6,587,781	\$ 6,977,682	\$ 389,901	5.9%

The School is required to adopt an operating budget prior to the beginning of its fiscal year, referred to above as the original budget. It is the School's practice to amend the General Fund budget during the year for known significant changes in circumstances such as: updated enrollment estimates, legislation changes, new or additional funding, staffing changes, employee contract settlements, adjustments to health insurance premiums, special education tuition changes, or utility rate changes. The School amended the budget during the year, increasing both budgeted revenues and expenditures.

Table 4 summarizes the operating results of the General Fund:

Table 4 General Fund Operating Results									
		Over (Unde	r) Budget		Increase (I From Pric				
	2021 Actual	Amount Percent			Amount	Percent			
Revenue	\$ 6,895,922	\$ 189,548	2.8%	\$	585,109	9.3%			
Expenditures	6,673,418	\$ (304,264)	(4.4%)	\$	787,475	13.4%			
Other financing sources	870,430	\$ 870,430	100.0%	\$	870,430	100.0%			
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,092,934								

General Fund revenues increased from the prior year, and were over the final budget by 2.8 percent, mainly due to the increases in general education state aid and federal grant revenue, as previously discussed. General Fund expenditures were about 13.4 percent higher than the prior year, as additional staffing and purchased services were necessary, due to the increase in enrollment. However, expenditures were under budget, due in part to not all budgeted positions being filled, and conservative budgeting. Other financing sources for fiscal 2021 consist of a PPP loan obtained to aid the School, offsetting additional costs caused by the COVID-19 pandemic.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

Table 5 shows the School's capital assets, together with changes from the previous year. The table also shows the total depreciation expense for fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	(Table 5 Capital Assets		
		2021	2020	Change
Construction in progress Furniture and equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$	341,322 (140,825)	\$ 87,396 282,778 (207,180)	\$ (87,396) 58,544 66,355
Total	\$	200,497	\$ 162,994	\$ 37,503
Depreciation expense	\$	53,621	\$ 27,910	 25,711

The School is not heavily dependent on capital assets for providing instructional services to students, due to its delivery of online learning.

Long-Term Liabilities

Table 6 shows the components of the School's long-term liabilities, and the change from the prior year:

Outs	 able 6 ong-Term Liab	ilities		
	 2021		2020	Change
Compensated absences payable Severance benefits payable Net pension liability PPP loan payable	\$ 71,559 363,705 4,658,771 870,430	\$	71,184 288,991 3,791,060	\$ 375 74,714 867,711 870,430
Total	\$ 5,964,465		4,151,235	\$ 1,813,230

The increase in the School's long-term liabilities was mainly due to the change in its proportionate share of the pension liabilities from the state-wide PERA and TRA pension plans, along with the PPP loan payable added in the current year.

More detailed information on the School's capital assets and long-term liabilities can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE SCHOOL'S FUTURE

The general education state aid program is the method by which typical Minnesota charter schools receive a majority of their financial support. This makes them heavily reliant on the state for educational resources. In recent years, legislated revenue increases have made it difficult to meet the instructional program needs and keep up with inflationary cost increases. The Legislature has added \$161, or 2.45 percent, and \$135, or 2.00 percent, per pupil to the formula for fiscal year 2022 and 2023, respectively.

The amount of aid a charter school receives is also dependent on the number of students it serves, meaning attracting and retaining students is critical to the School's financial well-being.

The COVID-19 pandemic caused numerous financial and operational challenges for charter schools in fiscal 2021, and is expected to continue to have a significant impact in fiscal 2022 and possibly beyond.

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

These financial statements are designed to provide our citizens, sponsors, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School's finances and to demonstrate the School's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact BlueSky Charter School, Inc., 2051 Killebrew Drive, Suite 500, Bloomington, Minnesota 55425.



Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2021

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2020)

	Governmental Activities				
		2021		2020	
Assets					
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$	2,642,997	\$	2,253,629	
Due from other governmental units		1,088,830		865,747	
Prepaid items		596,657		69,939	
Capital assets					
Not depreciated		_		87,396	
Depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation		200,497		75,598	
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		200,497		162,994	
Total assets		4,528,981		3,352,309	
Deferred outflows of resources					
Pension plan deferments		2,383,515		3,475,104	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	6,912,496	\$	6,827,413	
Liabilities					
Salaries and benefits payable	\$	513,053	\$	411,989	
Accounts and contracts payable		32,694		87,523	
Long-term liabilities					
Due within one year		273,988		151,515	
Due in more than one year		5,690,477		3,999,720	
Total long-term liabilities		5,964,465		4,151,235	
Total liabilities		6,510,212		4,650,747	
Deferred inflows of resources					
Pension plan deferments		3,492,713		5,091,330	
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets		200,497		162,994	
Restricted for safe schools levy		5,733		16,562	
Restricted for Medical Assistance		4,190		_	
Unrestricted	···	(3,300,849)		(3,094,220)	
Total net position		(3,090,429)		(2,914,664)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,					
and net position	\$	6,912,496		6,827,413	

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2020)

	2021							2020
		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Program Revenues Net Position						
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Services		Operating Grants and ontributions	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities								
Administration District support services Elementary and secondary regular	\$	319,869 720,854	\$	_ _	\$	- -	\$ (319,869) (720,854)	\$ (267,676) (650,382)
instruction Vocational education instruction		2,539,464 7,770		92,095		60,057 –	(2,387,312) (7,770)	(1,934,230) (121)
Special education instruction Instructional support services		991,660 1,006,808		5,229		812,593	(173,838) (1,006,808)	(138,388) (712,227)
Pupil support services Sites and buildings		1,107,790 361,185		_		- 350,204	(1,107,790) (10,981)	(1,178,278) (175,809)
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs		26,968		_			(26,968)	(24,833)
Total governmental activities	\$	7,082,368	\$	97,324	\$	1,222,854	(5,762,190)	(5,081,944)
	Gen	eral revenue	es					
		eneral grant					5,570,592	5,099,976
		ther general vestment ea					15,591 242	9,898 864
	Total general revenues				5,586,425	5,110,738		
	Change in net position				(175,765)	28,794		
	Net position – beginning					(2,914,664)	(2,943,458)	
	Net	position e	nding				\$ (3,090,429)	\$ (2,914,664)

General Fund Balance Sheet

as of June 30, 2021 (With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2020)

		2021	 2020
Assets			
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$	2,642,997	\$ 2,253,629
Due from other governmental units		1,088,830	865,747
Prepaid items		596,657	 69,939
Total assets	\$	4,328,484	\$ 3,189,315
Liabilities			
Salaries and benefits payable	\$	513,053	\$ 411,989
Accounts and contracts payable		32,694	 87,523
Total liabilities		545,747	499,512
Fund balances			
Nonspendable for prepaid items		596,657	69,939
Restricted for safe schools levy		5,733	16,562
Restricted for Medical Assistance		4,190	
Assigned for subsequent year's budget		70,180	406,304
Unassigned		3,105,977	 2,196,998
Total fund balances		3,782,737	 2,689,803
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,328,484	\$ 3,189,315
Amounts recorded for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position differ	becau	se:	
Fund balances as reported above	\$	3,782,737	\$ 2,689,803
Capital assets are included in net position, but are excluded from fund			
balances because they do not represent financial resources.			
Cost of capital assets		341,322	370,174
Accumulated depreciation		(140,825)	(207,180)
Long-term liabilities are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances until due and payable.			
Compensated absences payable		(71,559)	(71,184)
Severance benefits payable		(71,339) $(363,705)$	
Net pension liability		(4,658,771)	(288,991) (3,791,060)
PPP loan payable		(870,430)	(5,771,000)
The recognition of certain revenues and expenses/expenditures differ between the full accrual governmental activities financial statements and			
the modified accrual governmental fund financial statements.			
Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments		2,383,515	3,475,104
Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments		(3,492,713)	 (5,091,330)
Total net position – governmental activities	\$	(3,090,429)	 (2,914,664)

General Fund

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2021

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2020)

		2020			
	Original	Final)21	Over (Under)	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue					
Federal sources	\$ 160,000	\$ 216,238	\$ 385,240	\$ 169,002	\$ 247,494
State sources	5,911,477	6,380,136	6,397,525	17,389	6,043,048
Local sources	J,711, 4 //	0,380,130	0,397,323	17,389	0,043,048
Investment earnings			242	242	961
Other	110,000	110,000	112,915	2,915	864
Total revenue	6,181,477	6,706,374	6,895,922	189,548	19,407 6,310,813
	2,222,171	0,100,27.	0,000,022	100,010	0,510,015
Expenditures					
Current					
Administration					
Salaries	250,000	252,500	248,574	(3,926)	195,497
Employee benefits	50,000	54,680	48,361	(6,319)	38,755
Purchased services	_	_	-	_	1,251
Supplies and materials	→	50	47	(3)	
Other expenditures	_		1,292	1,292	3,287
Total administration	300,000	307,230	298,274	(8,956)	238,790
District support services					
Salaries	240,000	240,000	220 060	(1.040)	220 422
Employee benefits	90,000	240,000	238,960	(1,040)	229,423
Purchased services	•	96,720	87,619	(9,101)	72,442
Supplies and materials	231,020	240,780	250,998	10,218	232,238
	40,000	60,090	58,751	(1,339)	46,146
Capital expenditures	147,500	150,000	74,100	(75,900)	48,866
Other expenditures	40,000	40,320	38,522	(1,798)	35,915
Total district support services	788,520	827,910	748,950	(78,960)	665,030
Elementary and secondary					
regular instruction					
Salaries	1,800,000	1,838,517	1,799,559	(38,958)	1,428,828
Employee benefits	330,000	427,230	406,712	(20,518)	325,529
Purchased services	54,080	58,880	5,491	(53,389)	19,601
Supplies and materials	60,000	64,600	57,186	(7,414)	34,822
Capital expenditures	42,625	43,625	36,210	(7,415)	_
Other expenditures	_	4,050	13,427	9,377	9,231
Total elementary and secondary				7,57,7	3,231
regular instruction	2,286,705	2,436,902	2,318,585	(118,317)	1,818,011
Vocational education instruction					
Purchased services					4.010
	10.000	10.000	_ 	(0.000)	4,012
Supplies and materials	10,000	10,000	7,770	(2,230)	2,090
Total vocational education	10.000	10.000	A 880	(0.000)	~ * * * *
instruction	10,000	10,000	7,770	(2,230)	6,102

General Fund

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2021

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2020)

		20:	21		2020
	Original	Final		Over (Under)	
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Doman ditana (anatimus 4)					
Expenditures (continued) Current (continued)					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Special education instruction Salaries	660 000	665.050	649 1775	(17.775)	(41.261
	660,000	665,950	648,175	(17,775)	641,361
Employee benefits Purchased services	160,000	191,630	178,287	(13,343)	167,305
Supplies and materials	60,000	76,710	81,104	4,394	117,435
* *	10,000	16,730	12,722	(4,008)	10,699
Other expenditures		470	4,573	4,103	3,597
Total special education	000 000	0.51 400	00.4.0.4	(0.5.500)	242.42-
instruction	890,000	951,490	924,861	(26,629)	940,397
Instructional support services					
Salaries	660,000	660,000	644,276	(15,724)	457,745
Employee benefits	180,000	194,460	192,440	(2,020)	137,691
Purchased services	10,000	22,180	17,234	(4,946)	54,641
Supplies and materials	_	5,290	5,289	(1)	9,065
Capital expenditures	85,290	98,790	96,986	(1,804)	79,918
Other expenditures	-	2,480	4,707	2,227	2,471
Total instructional support		2,100	1,707	2,227	2,171
services	935,290	983,200	960,932	(22,268)	741,531
				, , ,	ŕ
Pupil support services					
Salaries	790,000	807,600	796,982	(10,618)	829,645
Employee benefits	196,256	207,730	211,586	3,856	214,973
Purchased services	_	_	_	_	568
Supplies and materials	_	370	372	2	436
Other expenditures			5,496	5,496	5,934
Total pupil support services	986,256	1,015,700	1,014,436	(1,264)	1,051,556
Sites and buildings					
Purchased services	360,000	400,180	368,327	(31,853)	399,643
Supplies and materials	500,000	360	361	(51,655)	50,043
Capital expenditures	1,010	1,010	3,954	2,944	50
Total sites and buildings	361,010	401,550	372,642	(28,908)	399,693
	,	,	0,2,0,2	(=0,,,00)	233,032
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs					
Purchased services	30,000	43,700	26,968	(16,732)	24,833
Total expenditures	6,587,781	6,977,682	6,673,418	(304,264)	5,885,943
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenditures	(406,304)	(271,308)	222,504	493,812	424,870
	(,-,-,	(= / 4,5 00)	,	.,,,,,,,	.2 .,070

General Fund

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2021

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2020)

		2020			
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget	Actual
Other financing sources PPP loan	alan .		870,430	870,430	
Net change in fund balance	\$ (406,304)	\$ (271,308)	1,092,934	\$ 1,364,242	424,870
Fund balances Beginning of year			2,689,803		2,264,933
End of year			\$ 3,782,737		\$ 2,689,803
Amounts reported for governmental activities	in the Statement	of Activities dif	fer because:		
Net change in fund balances reported above			\$ 1,092,934		\$ 424,870
Capital outlays are recorded as net position their estimated useful lives as depreciation ex are reduced for the full cost of capital outlays Capital outlays Depreciation expense Net book value of capital asset disposals	98,185 (53,621) (7,061)		123,536 (27,910)		
The amount of debt issued is reported in the goof financing. Debt obligations are not revenue but rather constitute long-term liabilities. PPP loan payable			(870,430)		_
Certain expenses are included in the chang require the use of current funds, and are not balances.	-		(0.7.1)		(2.007)
Compensated absences payable Severance benefits payable Net pension liability			(375) (74,714) (867,711)		(2,807) (21,362) (119,454)
The recognition of certain revenues and between the full accrual governmental activiti modified accrual governmental fund financial. Deferred outflows of resources — pension plants of pension plants of resources — p	es financial state statements. an deferments		(1,091,589)		(1,587,228)
Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan Change in net position of governmental activit			1,598,617 \$ (175,765)		1,239,149 \$ 28,794

Notes to Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

BlueSky Charter School, Inc. (the School) is an outcome-based charter school established March 9, 2000 in accordance with Minnesota Statutes § 124D.10. The School's financial statements include all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other organizations for which the School is considered to be financially accountable.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the School (primary government) is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit includes whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit. Based on these criteria, there are no organizations considered to be component units of the School.

The School is required to operate under a charter agreement with an entity that has been approved by the Minnesota Department of Education (MDE) to be a charter school "authorizer." The authorizer monitors and evaluates the School's performance, and periodically determines whether to renew the School's charter. The School's authorizer is Innovative Quality Schools (IQS), a nonprofit organization. Aside from its responsibilities as authorizer, IQS has no authority or control over the School, and is not financially accountable for it. Therefore, the School is not considered to be a component unit of IQS.

B. Basis of Statement Presentation

As required by state law, the School operates as a nonprofit corporation under Minnesota Statutes § 317A. However, state law also requires that the School comply with Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards for Minnesota School Districts, which mandates the use of a governmental fund accounting structure.

C. Entity-Wide Financial Statement Presentation

The entity-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the School. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other internally directed revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The entity-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Depreciation expense is included as a direct expense in the functional areas that utilize the related capital assets. Interest is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

D. Fund Financial Statement Presentation

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The existence of the various school funds has been established by the MDE. Each fund is accounted for as an independent entity. The School maintains a single General Fund to account for all of its activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the following manner:

- 1. Revenue Recognition Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Grants and similar revenues are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to funding formulas established by Minnesota Statutes. Proceeds from long-term debt are reported as other financing sources,
- 2. Recording of Expenditures Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, except for compensated absences, severance benefits, and pensions, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds. In the General Fund, capital outlay expenditures are included within the applicable functional areas.

E. Budgeting

The School's Board adopts an annual budget for the General Fund, which is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the financial statements. Legal budgetary control is at the fund level. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end.

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosure at the date of the financial statements and during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. Income Taxes

The School is exempt from income taxes under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) § 501(c)(3). The School is subject to tax on income from any unrelated business.

The School follows the recognition requirements for uncertain income tax positions as required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 740-10. Income tax benefits are recognized for income tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return, only when it is determined that the income tax position will more-likely-than-not be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. The School has analyzed tax positions taken for filing with the Internal Revenue Service and state jurisdiction where it operates. The School believes that income tax filing positions will be sustained upon examination and does not anticipate any adjustments that would result in a material adverse effect on its respective financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows. Accordingly, the School has not recorded any reserves or related accruals for interest and penalties for uncertain income tax positions at year-end.

The School is subject to routine audits by taxing jurisdictions; however, there are currently no audits in progress for any open tax periods.

H. Receivables

When necessary, the School utilizes an allowance for uncollectible accounts to value its receivables. However, the School considers all of its current receivables to be collectible.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenses/expenditures when consumed.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The School defines capital assets as those with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, which benefit more than one fiscal year. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are recorded in the entity-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since assets are generally sold for an immaterial amount or scrapped when declared as no longer fit or needed for public school purposes by the School, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives for furniture and equipment are 3–10 years. Construction in progress is not depreciated.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, a statement of financial position will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows/inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements represent a consumption/acquisition of net position that applies to a future period, which will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) or inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The School has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in these categories, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, which are reported in the entity-wide Statement of Net Position. These deferred outflows/inflows result from differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in proportion, and contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the reporting period. These amounts are deferred and amortized as required under pension standards.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the entity-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Debt premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt proceeds equal to the par amount of debt issued as other financing sources in the year of issue. Premiums or discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources or uses, respectively.

M. Compensated Absences

Substantially all school employees are entitled to personal and sick leave at various rates, portions of which may be carried over to future years. Compensated absences are accrued in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent they have been used or otherwise matured prior to year-end. Employees are reimbursed for unused personal leave upon termination, which is accrued in the entity-wide financial statements as it is earned.

N. Severance Benefits

After four years of service, certain employees are eligible to be compensated for 50 percent of unused sick leave, up to a maximum of 400 hours, upon termination of employment.

Severance benefits are recorded as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements as they mature, due to termination. Severance benefits based on convertible sick leave are recorded as a liability in the entity-wide financial statements as they are earned and it becomes probable they will vest at some point in the future.

O. State-Wide Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) and additions to/deductions from the PERA's and the TRA's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERA and the TRA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The TRA has a special funding situation created by direct aid contributions made by the state of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis Public Schools. The direct aid is a result of the merger of the Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Fund Association into the TRA in 2006. A second direct aid source is from the state of Minnesota for the merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association in 2015.

P. Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and workers' compensation. The School carries commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties to cover these risks. Settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage in fiscal year 2021.

Q. Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

- Nonspendable Consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, inventory, and other long-term assets.
- Restricted Consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors, or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.
- Committed Consists of internally imposed constraints that are established by resolution of the Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned Consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints consist of amounts intended to be used by the School for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the governing body itself.
- Unassigned The residual classification for the General Fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the School uses restricted resources first, and then uses unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use, the School uses resources in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

R. Net Position

In the entity-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding debt, if any, attributable to acquire capital assets.
- Restricted Net Position Consists of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The School applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

S. Prior Period Comparative Financial Information/Reclassification

The basic financial statements include certain prior year partial comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the School's financial statements for the prior year, from which the summarized information was derived. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

In accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, the School maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the Board. The following is considered the most significant risk associated with deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School's deposits may be lost.

Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by federal deposit insurance, corporate surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance or corporate surety bonds. Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes, and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The School's deposit policies do not further limit depository choices.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the School's deposits was \$2,642,997, while the balance on the bank records was \$2,736,136. At year-end, all deposits were fully covered by federal deposit insurance or pledged collateral held by the School's agent in the School's name.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year is as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletions		Completed CIP		Ending Balance	
Capital assets, not depreciated Construction in progress	\$	87,396	\$		\$	_	\$	(87,396)	\$	_
Capital assets, depreciated	Ψ	07,050	*		Ψ		*	(0,,0,0)	*	
Furniture and equipment		282,778		98,185		(127,037)		87,396		341,322
Less accumulated depreciation		(207,180)		(53,621)	,	119,976		07,370		(140,825)
Net capital assets, depreciated		75,598	_	44,564		(7,061)	_	87,396	_	200,497
Net capital assets, depreciated		13,376		44,504		(7,001)		67,390		200,497
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	162,994	\$	44,564	\$	(7,061)		420		200,497
Depreciation expense was charged to the following governmental functions:								-		
District support services									\$	39,378
Elementary and secondary regular instruction									1,134	
Instructional support services										10,953
Sites and buildings										2,156
Total depreciation expense									\$	53,621

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Employee Benefits Liabilities

The School's long-term liabilities include compensated absences payable, severance benefits payable, and its share of two state-wide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans administered by the PERA and the TRA. The following is a summary of the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense reported for these plans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021:

Pension Plans	Net Pension Liabilities		Deferred Outflows of Resources			erred Inflows f Resources	Pension Expense		
PERA TRA	\$	299,772 4,358,999	\$	79,058 2,304,457	* \$	24,049 3,468,664	\$	29,584 708,579	
Total	\$	4,658,771	\$	2,383,515	\$	3,492,713	\$	738,163	

B. PPP Loan Payable

In March 2021, the School obtained a Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loan totaling \$870,430 through a local bank. This loan may be forgiven under the provisions of the PPP. Any unforgiven portion must be repaid under terms of the loan agreement, which bears an annual interest rate of 1.0 percent. No payments are due for six months from the disbursement of this loan. Monthly payments of \$16,574 are due thereafter until the loan is fully repaid on March 5, 2026. Interest expense for the current year was \$0. If the School defaults on this loan, the lender can require immediate payment of the outstanding loan principal. Future scheduled principal and interest payments on this loan are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal]	Interest	Total		
2022	\$	138,718	\$	10,446	\$	149,164	
2023		192,449		6,437		198,886	
2024		194,383		4,503		198,886	
2025		196,335		2,551		198,886	
2026		148,545		620		149,165	
Total	\$	870,430	\$	24,557	\$	894,987	

C. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the long-term liabilities for the year are as follows:

	Balance – Beginning of Year		Additions Retiremen			etirements	Balance – ind of Year	Due Within One Year	
Compensated absences payable Severance benefits payable Net pension liability PPP loan payable	\$	71,184 288,991 3,791,060	\$	3,307 125,337 1,173,873 870,430	\$	2,932 50,623 306,162	\$ 71,559 363,705 4,658,771 870,430	\$	71,559 63,711 - 138,718
	\$	4,151,235		2,172,947		359,717	\$ 5,964,465	<u>\$</u>	273,988

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE

A. Plan Descriptions

The School participates in the following cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the PERA and the TRA. The PERA's and the TRA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes. The PERA's and the TRA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the IRC.

1. General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

The PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356.

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the School other than teachers are covered by the GERF. GERF members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Teachers Retirement Association (TRA)

The TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356. The TRA is a separate statutory entity, administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees consists of four active members, one retired member, and three statutory officials.

Educators employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, and certain other TRA-covered educational institutions maintained by the state are required to be TRA members (except those employed by St. Paul Public Schools or Minnesota State Colleges and Universities (MnSCU)). Educators first hired by MnSCU may elect either TRA coverage or coverage through the Defined Contribution Plan (DCP) administered by Minnesota State.

B. Benefits Provided

The PERA and the TRA provide retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes and can only be modified by the State Legislature.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

1. **GERF** Benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for the PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.2 percent for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.7 percent for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at age 66.

NOTE 5 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The post-retirement increase will be equal to 50.0 percent of the cost of living adjustment (COLA) announced by the Social Security Administration, with a minimum increase of at least 1.0 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month, but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024 or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

2. TRA Benefits

The TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota Statutes and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for the TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described.

Tier I Benefits

Step-Rate Formula	Percentage per Year
Basic Plan	
First 10 years of service	2.2 %
All years after	2.7 %
Coordinated Plan	
First 10 years if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.2 %
First 10 years if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.4 %
All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.7 %
All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006 or after	1.9 %

With these provisions:

- (a) Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- (b) Three percent per year early retirement reduction factor for all years under normal retirement age.
- (c) Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule of 90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

NOTE 5 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Tier II Benefits

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic Plan members applies. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic Plan members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under Minnesota Statutes. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989, receive only the Tier II benefit calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree—no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but not yet receiving them, are bound by the plan provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes set the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the State Legislature.

1. GERF Contributions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353 set the rates for employer and employee contributions. Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.5 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2021 and the School was required to contribute 7.5 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The School's contributions to the GERF for the year ended June 30, 2021, were \$30,144. The School's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statutes.

2. TRA Contributions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Rates for each fiscal year were:

	Year Ended June 30,									
	201	19	202	20	2021					
	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer				
Basic Plan Coordinated Plan	11.00 % 7.50 %	11.71 % 7.71 %	11.00 % 7.50 %	11.92 % 7.92 %	11.00 % 7.50 %	12.13 % 8.13 %				

The School's contributions to the TRA for the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, were \$313,422. The School's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statutes.

The following is a reconciliation of employer contributions in the TRA's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position to the employer contributions used in the Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Pension Allocations:

	in th	nousands
Employer contributions reported in the TRA's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	425,223
Add employer contributions not related to future contribution efforts		(56)
Deduct the TRA's contributions not included in allocation		(508)
Total employer contributions		424,659
Total nonemployer contributions		35,587
Total contributions reported in the Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Pension Allocations	\$	460,246

Amounts reported in the allocation schedules may not precisely agree with financial statement amounts or actuarial valuations, due to the number of decimal places used in the allocations. The TRA has rounded percentage amounts to the nearest ten thousandths.

D. Pension Costs

1. GERF Pension Costs

At June 30, 2021, the School reported a liability of \$299,772 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The School's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The state of Minnesota is considered a nonemployer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The state of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School totaled \$9,147. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the School's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The School's proportionate share was 0.0050 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.0047 percent for the beginning of the period.

School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 299,772
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the School	\$ 9,147

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School recognized pension expense of \$28,772 for its proportionate share of the GERF's pension expense. In addition, the School recognized \$812 as grant revenue for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's pension expense for the annual \$16 million contribution.

At June 30, 2021, the School reported its proportionate share of the GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ō	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	2,549	\$	1,134	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		_		10,147	
Net collective difference between projected					
and actual investment earnings		8,961		_	
Changes in proportion		37,404		12,768	
School's contributions to the GERF subsequent to the					
measurement date		30,144			
Total	\$	79,058	\$	24,049	

The \$30,144 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		P	ension
	Year Ending	E	xpense
	June 30,	A	mount
_	_	`	
	2022	\$	(9,919)
	2023	\$	17,723
	2024	\$	9,819
	2025	\$	7,242

2. TRA Pension Costs

At June 30, 2021, the School reported a liability of \$4,358,999 for its proportionate share of the TRA's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's contributions to the TRA in relation to total system contributions, including direct aid from the state of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis Public Schools. The School's proportionate share was 0.0590 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.0554 percent for the beginning of the period.

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction, due to direct aid provided to the TRA. The amount recognized by the School as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School were as follows:

School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,358,999
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the School	\$ 365,043

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School recognized pension expense of \$675,139. It also recognized \$33,440 as an increase to pension expense for the support provided by direct aid.

At June 30, 2021, the School had deferred resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	87,416	\$	61,341		
Changes in actuarial assumptions		1,402,648		3,407,323		
Net difference between projected and actual investment						
earnings on pension plan investments		88,535		_		
Changes in proportion		412,436		***		
School's contributions to the TRA subsequent to the						
measurement date		313,422				
Total	\$	2,304,457	\$	3,468,664		

A total of \$313,422 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from school contributions to the TRA subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension				
Year Ending	Expense				
June 30,	Amount				
	•	4.000			
2022	\$	177,203			
2023	\$	(1,092,158)			
2024	\$	(758,946)			
2025	\$	139,888			
2026	\$	56.384			

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Assumptions	GERF	TRA				
7 0 1	2.2.2.4	0.004				
Inflation	2.25%	2.50%				
Wage growth rate		2.85% before July 1, 2028, and 3.25% thereafter				
Projected salary increase	3.00%					
Active member payroll growth		2.85% to 8.85% before July 1, 2028, and 3.25% to 9.25% thereafter				
Investment rate of return	7.50%	7.50%				

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants for all plans were based on Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table for the GERF Plan and RP-2014 tables for the TRA for males and females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit the PERA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent per year for the GERF and 1.00 percent for January 2020 through January 2023, then increasing by 0.10 percent each year, up to 1.50 percent annually for the TRA.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuations were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the GERF plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation. The most recent experience study in the TRA plan was completed in 2015, with economic assumptions updated in 2017.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2020:

1. GERF

CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25 percent less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years two through five, and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 Table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality Table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table to the Pub-2010 General/Teacher Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100.00 percent joint and survivor option changed from 35.00 percent to 45.00 percent. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100.00 percent joint and survivor option changed from 15.00 percent to 30.00 percent. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.00 percent for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023, and zero percent thereafter. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2. TRA

CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• Employer contribution rate increased from 7.92 percent to 8.13 percent in July 2020.

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of the PERA and the TRA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages.

The target allocation and best-estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return			
Domestic equity	35.50 %	5.10 %			
Private markets	25.00	5.90 %			
Fixed income	20.00	0.75 %			
International equity	17.50	5.30 %			
Cash equivalents	2.00	- %			
Total	100.00 %				

F. Discount Rate

1. GERF

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2020 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the GERF was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

2. TRA

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. There was no change since the prior measurement. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the fiscal year 2020 contribution rate, contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was not used in the determination of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR).

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following table presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	 Decrease in scount Rate	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate		
GERF discount rate	6.50%		7.50%		8.50%	
School's proportionate share of the GERF net pension liability	\$ 480,432	\$	299,772	\$	150,744	
TRA discount rate	6.50%		7.50%		8.50%	
School's proportionate share of the TRA net pension liability	\$ 6,673,581	\$	4,358,999	\$	2,451,900	

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the PERA website at www.mnpera.org.

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TRA financial report. That report can be obtained at www.MinnesotaTRA.org, by writing to the TRA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400, St. Paul, MN, 55103-4000; or by calling 651-296-2409 or 800-657-3669.

NOTE 6 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Building Lease

The School entered into an agreement to lease space at 2001 and 2051 Killebrew Drive, Bloomington, Minnesota 55425 for a seven-year term commencing July 1, 2020. The agreement requires monthly payments of base rent plus a contribution for the School's proportionate share of operating costs due the first of each month. Monthly payments not received by the fifth day of each month are automatically and immediately increased by 8 percent. Future minimum lease payments under this agreement are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	 Amount
2022	\$ 348,506
2023	356,760
2024	365,014
2025	373,269
2026	381,523
2027	 389,778
	\$ 2,214,850

The School made rental payments totaling \$340,251 in fiscal 2021 under this agreement.

B. Federal and State Revenues

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Legal Claims

The School has the usual and customary types of legal claims pending at year-end, mostly of a minor nature and typically covered by insurance carried for that purpose. Management believes the School will not incur any material liabilities relating to these claims.

D. COVID-19 Pandemic

The COVID-19 pandemic caused numerous financial and operational challenges for charter schools in fiscal 2021, and is expected to have a significant impact for fiscal 2022 and possibly beyond. Any potential effects it may have on the School's future operations and financial condition cannot be determined at this time and have not been reflected in these financial statements.



Public Employees Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of School's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2021

School Fiscal Year-End Date	PERA Fiscal Year-End Date (Measurement Date)	School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Pro Sh No	School's Proportionate I		Proportionate Share of the School's Net Pension Oportionate Liability and tare of the the School's State of Share of the innesota's State of Oportionate Minnesota's tare of the School's Share of the School's The S			School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		
06/30/2015	06/30/2014	0.0044%	\$	206,690	\$	_	\$	206,690	\$	229,326	90.13%	78.70%
06/30/2016	06/30/2015	0.0041%	\$	212,483	\$	_	\$	212,483	\$	242,854	87.49%	78.20%
06/30/2017	06/30/2016	0.0040%	\$	324,780	\$	4,187	\$	328,967	\$	246,641	131.68%	68.90%
06/30/2018	06/30/2017	0.0046%	\$	293,660	\$	3,722	\$	297,382	\$	298,686	98.32%	75.90%
06/30/2019	06/30/2018	0.0038%	\$	210,810	\$	7,048	\$	217,858	\$	257,899	81.74%	79.50%
06/30/2020	06/30/2019	0.0047%	\$	259,852	\$	8,166	\$	268,018	\$	334,569	77.67%	80.20%
06/30/2021	06/30/2020	0.0050%	\$	299,772	\$	9,147	\$	308,919	\$	353,342	84.84%	79.10%

Public Employees Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of School Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2021

School Fiscal Year-End Date	R	atutorily equired atributions	in F the R	ntributions Relation to Statutorily required atributions	on to torily Contribution red Deficiency		Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
06/30/2015	\$	17,918	\$	17,918	\$	_	\$ 242,854	7.38%	
06/30/2016	\$	18,498	\$	18,498	\$	_	\$ 246,641	7.50%	
06/30/2017	\$	22,401	\$	22,401	\$	_	\$ 298,686	7.50%	
06/30/2018	\$	19,343	\$	19,343	\$	_	\$ 257,899	7.50%	
06/30/2019	\$	25,093	\$	25,093	\$	_	\$ 334,569	7.50%	
06/30/2020	\$	26,500	\$	26,500	\$	_	\$ 353,342	7.50%	
06/30/2021	\$	30,144	\$	30,144	\$		\$ 401,927	7.50%	

Teachers Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of School's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2021

School Fiscal Year-End Date	TRA Fiscal Year-End Date (Measurement Date)	School's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	School's Proportionate Share of the State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the School's Share of the State of Minnesota's Share of the Net Pension Liability	School's Covered Payroll	School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
0.6/20/2015	06/20/2014	0.05100/	A 0 201 515	m 160 200	# 0.550.000	# 2.260.021	100.050/	D1 #00/
06/30/2015	06/30/2014	0.0519%	\$ 2,391,515	\$ 168,388	\$ 2,559,903	\$ 2,369,021	100.95%	81.50%
06/30/2016	06/30/2015	0.0514%	\$ 3,179,598	\$ 389,976	\$ 3,569,574	\$ 2,608,085	121.91%	76.80%
06/30/2017	06/30/2016	0.0529%	\$ 12,617,912	\$ 1,266,296	\$ 13,884,208	\$ 2,752,008	458.50%	44.88%
06/30/2018	06/30/2017	0.0542%	\$ 10,819,303	\$ 1,045,175	\$ 11,864,478	\$ 2,919,482	370.59%	51.57%
06/30/2019	06/30/2018	0.0551%	\$ 3,460,796	\$ 325,277	\$ 3,786,073	\$ 3,041,843	113.77%	78.07%
06/30/2020	06/30/2019	0.0554%	\$ 3,531,208	\$ 312,487	\$ 3,843,695	\$ 3,146,539	112.23%	78.21%
06/30/2021	06/30/2020	0.0590%	\$ 4,358,999	\$ 365,043	\$ 4,724,042	\$ 3,430,634	127.06%	75.48%

Teachers Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of School Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2021

School Fiscal Year-End Date	Statutorily Required Contributions		Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
06/30/2015	\$	195,607	\$	195,607	\$	_	\$ 2,608,085	7.50%	
06/30/2016	\$	206,223	\$	206,223	\$	_	\$ 2,752,008	7.49%	
06/30/2017	\$	219,243	\$	219,243	\$	_	\$ 2,919,482	7.51%	
06/30/2018	\$	228,139	\$	228,139	\$	-	\$ 3,041,843	7.50%	
06/30/2019	\$	242,598	\$	242,598	\$	_	\$ 3,146,539	7.71%	
06/30/2020	\$	271,708	\$	271,708	\$	_	\$ 3,430,634	7.92%	
06/30/2021	\$	313,422	\$	313,422	\$	_	\$ 3,855,120	8.13%	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2021

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND

2020 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25 percent less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years two through five, and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 Table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality Table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table to the Pub-2010 General/Teacher Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100.00 percent joint and survivor option changed from 35.00 percent to 45.00 percent. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100.00 percent joint and survivor option changed from 15.00 percent to 30.00 percent. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

2020 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.00 percent for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023, and zero percent thereafter. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2021

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

2018 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to zero percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year, with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio, to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age. Does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.

2017 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The state's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16.0 million in 2017 and 2018, and \$6.0 million thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21.0 million to \$31.0 million in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16.0 million to \$6.0 million in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60.00 percent for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now zero percent for active member liability, 15.00 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year for all years, to 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)
June 30, 2021

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth, and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

 On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Retirement Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892.0 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the state's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

2015 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year through 2035, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2021

TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA)

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was reduced from 2.00 percent each January 1 to 1.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.10 percent each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.50 percent on January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit, are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.50 percent if the funded ratio was at least 90.00 percent for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.50 percent to 7.50 percent, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next six years, (7.71 percent in 2018, 7.92 percent in 2019, 8.13 percent in 2020, 8.34 percent in 2021, 8.55 percent in 2022, and 8.75 percent in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50 percent to 7.75 percent on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.12 percent to 7.50 percent.

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The COLA was assumed to increase from 2.00 percent annually to 2.50 percent annually on July 1, 2045.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase to 2.50 percent, but remain at 2.00 percent for all future years.
- Adjustments were made to the CSA loads. The active load was reduced from 1.40 percent to zero percent, the vested inactive load increased from 4.00 percent to 7.00 percent, and the nonvested inactive load increased from 4.00 percent to 9.00 percent.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.00 percent to 7.50 percent.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50 percent to 3.00 percent.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.50 percent to 2.85 percent for 10 years, followed by 3.25 percent thereafter.
- The salary increase assumption was adjusted to reflect the changes in the general wage growth assumption.
- The single discount rate changed from 4.66 percent to 5.12 percent.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)
June 30, 2021

TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA) (CONTINUED)

2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The single discount rate was changed from 8.00 percent to 4.66 percent.

2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

The Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association was merged into the TRA on June 30, 2015.

2015 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The annual COLA for the June 30, 2015 valuation assumed 2.00 percent. The prior year valuation used 2.00 percent, with an increase to 2.50 percent commencing in 2034.
- The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00 percent. This is a decrease from the discount rate at the prior measurement date of 8.25 percent.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN

ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board and Management of BlueSky Charter School, Inc. Bloomington, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of BlueSky Charter School, Inc. (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated INSERT DATE.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

(continued)

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Minneapolis, Minnesota INSERT DATE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

To the Board and Management of BlueSky Charter School, Inc. Bloomington, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of BlueSky Charter School, Inc. (the School) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated INSERT DATE.

MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the School failed to comply with the provisions of the uniform financial accounting and reporting standards, and charter schools sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Charter Schools*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statutes § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the School's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Minneapolis, Minnesota INSERT DATE

Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table June 30, 2021

		_	Audit			UFARS	Audit - UFARS		
General Fund Total revenue		4	s 6	5,895,922	•	(005 000	r.		
Total expenditu Nonspendab				5,673,418	\$ \$	6,895,922 6,673,418	\$ \$	-	
460	Nonspendable fund balance	s	S	596,657	\$	596,657	\$	_	
Restricted	Charles and the control of the contr				_	•			
401 402	Student activities Scholarships	\$ \$		_	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-	
403	Staff development	S		_	\$	_	3 \$	_	
407	Capital projects levy	\$		_	\$	_	\$	-	
408	Cooperative revenue	\$	S	_	\$	_	\$	-	
413	Projects funded by COP	\$		_	\$	_	\$	-	
414 416	Operating debt	\$		-	\$	-	\$	_	
417	Levy reduction Taconite building maintenance	\$ \$		_	\$ \$	_	\$ \$	-	
424	Operating capital	\$		_	\$	_	\$	_	
426	\$25 taconite	\$		_	\$	_	\$	_	
427	Disabled accessibility	\$		_	\$	=	\$	=	
428	Learning and development	\$			\$	=	\$	_	
434 435	Area learning center Contracted alternative programs	\$ \$		-	\$ \$	_	\$ \$	-	
436	State approved alternative program	\$		_	\$	_	3 \$	_	
438	Gifted and talented	Š		_	\$		\$	_	
440	Teacher development and evaluation	\$		_	\$	_	\$	_	
441	Basic skills programs	\$		-	\$		\$	-	
448 449	Achievement and integration	\$		-	\$		\$	_	
449 451	Safe schoots levy OZAB payments	\$ \$		5,733	\$ \$	5,733	\$ \$	_	
452	OPEB liability not in trust	\$ \$		_	\$	_	\$	_	
453	Unfunded severance and retirement levy	Š		_	\$	_	\$	_	
459	Basic skills extended time	\$		_	\$		\$	-	
467	Long-term facilities maintenance	\$		_	\$	-	\$	•	
472 473	Medical Assistance PPP loans	\$		4,190	\$	4,190	\$	-	
473 474	EIDL loans	\$ \$		-	\$ \$	_	\$ \$	_	
464	Restricted fund balance	\$		_	\$	_	3 \$	_	
475	Title VII - Impact Aid	\$		_	\$	_	\$	-	
476	PILT	\$		-	\$	-	\$	_	
Committed									
418 461	Committed for separation Committed fund balance	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	
Assigned	Committee rand balance	\$		_	\$	_	\$		
462	Assigned fund balance	\$		70,180	\$	70,180	\$	_	
Unassigned				,		•••			
422	Unassigned fund balance	\$	3,	105,977	\$	3,105,977	\$	-	
Food Service									
Total revenue		\$		_	\$	_	\$	_	
Total expenditus	res	\$		_	\$	_	\$	_	
Nonspendabl									
460	Nonspendable fund balance	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	
Restricted 452	OPEB liability not in trust	\$			\$		\$		
474	EIDL loans	\$		_	\$.s	_	
464	Restricted fund balance	\$			\$	_	\$	_	
Unassigned									
463	Unassigned fund balance	\$		-	\$	-	\$	_	
Community Service	ea .								
Total revenue		\$		_	\$	_	\$		
Total expenditur	res	\$		_	\$		\$	_	
Nonspendabl									
460 Restricted	Nonspendable fund balance	\$		-	\$	_	\$	-	
426	\$25 taconite	\$			\$		\$		
431	Community education	\$		-	\$	_	\$	_	
432	ECFE	\$		-	\$	_	\$	-	
440	Teacher development and evaluation	\$		-	\$		\$	_	
444	School readiness	\$		_	\$	-	\$	_	
447 452	Adult basic education OPEB liability not in trust	\$		-	\$	-	\$	-	
473	PPP loans	\$ \$		_	\$ \$		\$ \$	_	
474	EIDL loans	\$ \$		_	3 \$	_	5 \$	_	
464	Restricted fund balance	\$		_	\$	_	\$	-	
Unassigned									
463	Unassigned fund balance	\$			\$	-	\$	_	

Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table (continued) June 30, 2021

		A	udit		JFARS	Audi	t – UFARS
Building Constru	etion			_			
Total revenue	ection	\$		\$		\$	
Total expendit	ires	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
Nonspendat		•		•		Ψ	
460	Nonspendable fund balance	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_
Restricted	Control on the column	_					
407 413	Capital projects levy Projects funded by COP	\$	-	\$	_	\$	
467	Long-term facilities maintenance	\$ \$	_	\$ \$		\$ \$	-
464	Restricted fund balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
Unassigned		-		_		Ψ	
463	Unassigned fund balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Dala Caral							
Debt Service Total revenue		e.					
Total expenditu	res	\$ \$	_	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-
Nonspendab		J.	_	Φ	_	Φ	_
460	Nonspendable fund balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Restricted						-	
425	Bond refundings	\$	-	\$	_	\$	***
433	Maximum effort loan	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
451	QZAB payments	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
467 464	Long-term facilities maintenance Restricted fund balance	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Unassigned	Restricted fulld Dalance	\$	_	\$	-	\$	
463	Unassigned fund balance	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
		•		•		Ψ	_
Trust							
Total revenue		\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
Total expenditu		\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
401	Student activities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
402 422	Scholarships Net position	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
422	Net position	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Custodial							
Total revenue		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Total expenditu		\$		\$	_	\$	-
401	Student activities	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
402	Scholarships	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
448 464	Achievement and integration	\$	_	\$	-	\$	
404	Restricted net position	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Internal Service							
Total revenue		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Total expenditu		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
422	Net position	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
OPEB Revocable	Turns Frank						
Total revenue	Trust Filliu	\$		r		•	
Total expenditus	res	\$	_	\$ \$	_	\$ \$	_
422	Net position	\$		\$	-	\$	_
		·		-		•	
OPEB Irrevocable	e Trust Fund						
Total revenue		\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Total expenditur		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
422	Net position	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
OPEB Debt Service	e Fund						
Total revenue		\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
Total expenditu		\$	w	\$	_	\$	_
Nonspendabl							
460	Nonspendable fund balance	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
Restricted	D 4 6 8						
425 464	Bond refundings	\$	=	\$		\$	-
464 Unassigned	Restricted fund balance	\$	-	\$	~	\$	-
463	Unassigned fund balance	\$		\$		\$	
100		Ψ		Φ	-	φ	-

Note: Statutory restricted deficits, if any, are reported in unassigned fund balances in the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.